### SLHCV3.1b: HL-LHC optics overview

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### Introduction

SLHCV3.1b contains a realistic, nearly complete, usable optics model for an HL-LHC scenario using 150T/m triplets Based on SLHCV3.0 and ATS\_V6.503. <sup>1</sup> It is not final since it still depends on some working assumptions:

- interconnect lengths between magnets,
- lengths and types of triplet correctors,
- installation and relocation of several matching quadrupoles,

and misses some parts

optics transitions,

and some optimizations

- phase advance optimization for IR2/8/4/6,
- control of Q",
- position of triplet BPMS,
- IP1-IP5 phase advance (or maybe working point).

<sup>1</sup>SLHC Project Report 49, 50, 53, 55, ATS Note 2011 33, 60, 132 and reference therein.

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### Repository: names and specs

name	$\beta_{\times}^*$	$\beta_{\parallel}^*$	$\theta_{\times}/2$	$\Delta_{\parallel}/2$	$\times$ planes
	[m]	[m]	$[\mu rad]$	[mm]	IP1/IP5
opt_150_11000_11000	11.0	11.0	170	2	v/h, adj.
opt_150_5500_5500	5.5	5.5	245	2	v/h, adj.
opt_150_2000_2000	2.0	2.0	80	2	v/h, adj.
opt_150_0400_0400	0.40	0.40	180	0.75	v/h, adj.
opt_150_0150_0150	0.15	0.15	295	0.75	v/h, adj.
opt_150_0100_0100	0.10	0.10	360	0.75	v/h, adj.
opt_150_0075_0300	0.30	0.75	275	0.75	v/h, fixed
opt_150_0050_0200	0.20	0.05	335	0.75	v/h, fixed
opt_150_0075_0300hv	0.30	0.75	275	0.75	h/v, fixed
opt_150_0050_0200hv	0.20	0.05	335	0.75	h/v, fixed

with their thin version.

Total of 4 IR5, 7 6, 6 IR2/8 new optics, the rest really minor changes with some very similar to SLHC3.0 or ATSV6503 or the nominal LHC.

A rich toolkit and few sample jobs is provided as well derived from SLHC3.0 as well. Mask file, error assignment routines, correction filters for tracking are under preparation.

### Directory listing

#### /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b

aperture beambeam errors toolkit iroptics tables readme slhc\_sequence.madx slhc\_removeinstall.madx crab\_install.madx job\_sample.madx job\_makeoptics.madx job\_makethin.madx opt\_11000\_11000.madx opt\_5500\_5500.madx opt\_2000\_2000.madx opt\_0400\_0400.madx opt\_0150\_0150.madx opt\_0100\_0100.madx opt\_0075\_0300.madx opt\_0050\_0200.madx opt\_0075\_0300hv.madx opt\_0050\_0200hv.madx opt\_11000\_11000thin.madx opt\_5500\_5500thin.madx opt\_2000\_2000thin.madx opt\_0400\_0400thin.madx opt\_0150\_0150thin.madx opt\_0100\_0100thin.madx opt\_0075\_0300thin.madx opt\_0050\_0200thin.madx opt\_0075\_0300hvthin.madx

# LHC IR layout



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#### Layout changes

IR1 and IR5 triplet area ( $l_{Q1} = l_{Q3}$ ,  $l_{Q2a} = l_{Q2b}$ ):

IP 22.54 {.46 | Q1 | .46} .36 .12 BPM .24
{.36 | MCBXDa | .46 | Q2a | .46 } .24 BPM .12 .36
{.46 | Q2b | .46 | MCBXDb | .36 } .24 BPM .12 .36
{.46 | Q3 | .46 } .24 BPM .12 .36
{.18 .18 |MCBXC | .18 .20 .115 |MQSX3 | .115
 .20 .075 |MCDSSX3 | .075 .20 .075 |MCSTX3 | .075
 .20 .075 |MCDTSX3 | .075 .25}

D1: single sc. dipole; TAN and TCT: nominal length D2: larger aperture 2-in-1, moved towards the IP by 15m Crab cavities: 3 staggered modules per side per IP per beam Q4: larger aperture 2-in-1 Q5: long MQY type moved towards the arc by 11m Q10: added MS circuit and replaced MCBC IR6: new long MQY type Q5

#### Layout parameters

- 1.MQXL :=
- 1.MQX :=
- dq1q2a :=
- dq2aq2b :=
- dq2bq3 :=
- deltaposD2 :=
- deltaposQ4 :=
- deltaposQ5 :=
- deltaposQ6 :=

- 7.6850000000;
- 6.5770000000;
- 3.5600000000;
- 1.9150000000;
- 3.5600000000;
- -15.000000000;
  - 0.000000000;
  - 11.000000000;
    - 0.000000000;

Lengths in m.











Bend h





#### Aperture model

Based on Phasel.

- MQX and MC\_X: octagon scaled by the triplet aperture ( $a_{\rm mqx} = 140 {\rm mm}$ )
- D1: round  $r = a_{mqx}/2 + 7mm$
- TAS: round r = 30mm
- BPMs: round  $r = a_{\rm mqx}/2$
- TAN: ellipse a, b = 41, 37mm
- D2 and MCBYY: rectellipse g, r = (37, 42)mm for 106mm coil aperture
- Q4: rectellipse g, r = (30, 35)mm for 90mm coil aperture
- BPMs D2, Q4, Q5: round r = 41, 37.5, 30mm





















# Present crossing scheme



- ▶ In collision:
  - $\blacktriangleright \beta^* = 15 {\rm cm}, \mbox{ crossing angle } 580 \, \mu {\rm rad}, \mbox{ separation } 1.5 {\rm mm}$
- ▶ The close orbit excursion at the cavity is:
  - $\blacktriangleright 3.35\,\mathrm{mm}$  for  $10\sigma$  crossing angle
  - $\blacktriangleright 0.7\,mm$  for  $1.5\,mm$  separation

This displacement needs to be compensated.

Bend h Ouad

Kick h Kick v

Sext

xu

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xu

Kick h Kick v

# New crossing scheme



- ▶ No orbit displacement at the crab cavity location nor in D2 and Q4.
- ► The corrector in D2 can be placed in the non-IP side to save strength and gain some aperture for horizontal crossing
- ► Additional aperture margin in D2 and Q4 as side effect.

#### Crab layout

--B1> |D2|.4|MCH|.4|MCV| 1.8 <C> 2.6 <C> 2.6 <C> 5.3 |MC|Q4| <B2-- |D2|.4|MCH|.4|MCV| 3.1 <C> 2.6 <C> 2.6 <C> 4.0 |MC|Q4| 1.D2=10 1.MCBH/V=1.5

Total voltage for the 3 modules for  $590\mu$ rad: 11.7MV and 10.7MV.

### Single bore orbit corrector strengths

 $MCBX^2$  type orbit correctors in the non-IP side for Q1, Q2, Q3. Function: orbit correction due to misalignments and crossing scheme

Strength orbit correction:  $x_{tol}g_{triplet}l_{triplet} = 0.6 \text{ Tm} \rightarrow 25 \,\mu \text{rad}$ 

Strength for crossing scheme (50% safety margin):

Element	Plane	crossii	וg	separation			
		kick[ $\mu$ rad] field [T		kick[ $\mu$ rad]	field [Tm]		
nominal-like round $\beta^*$							
MCBX.3	H&V	49*1.5 =73 1.7		11*2	0.51		
closed round $\beta^*$							
MCBX.1	H&V	17*1.5 = 25	0.6	5*2	0.23		
MCBX.3 <sup>3</sup>	H&V	140*1.5 = 210	4.9	10*2	0.46		

<sup>2</sup>nominal: 3.3T, 1.5Tm

<sup>3</sup>may be partially absorbed by D1

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## 2-in-1 orbit corrector strength

MCBY type (but wider aperture) either in the IP side of D2 to save vertical aperture or in the non-IP side to save strength and aperture for positive crossing angle.

-		• •		• /				
Element	Plane	crossii	וg	separation				
		kick[ $\mu$ rad]	field [Tm]	kick[ $\mu$ rad]	field [Tm]			
nominal-like round $\beta^*$								
MCBYY.4	H&V	126*1.5=189	4.4	22*2	1.0			
MCBY.5	H or V	32*1.5 = 48	1.1	10*2	0.46			
MCBC.6 <sup>4</sup>	H or V	35*1.5 = 53	1.2	12*2	0.28			
closed round $\beta^*$								
MCBYY.4 <sup>5</sup>	H&V	244*1.5 =366	8.5	8*2	0.37			

Strength for crossing scheme (50% safety margin):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Nominal 2.5T, 2.27 Tm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>may be partially absorbed by D2

# MCBX and MCBYY strengths

name	acbx1	acbx3	acbyy
opt_150_11000_11000	18.18	45.61	98.03
opt_150_2000_2000	5.62	21.27	47.80
opt_150_5500_5500	17.57	65.54	143.68
opt_150_0400_0400	6.62	49.73	109.97
opt_150_0150_0150	6.62	81.50	180.23
opt_150_0100_0100	6.62	99.46	219.95
opt_150_0075_0300	6.62	75.98	168.01
opt_150_0050_0200	6.62	92.55	204.67
opt_150_0075_0300hv	6.62	75.98	168.01
opt_150_0050_0200hv	6.62	92.55	204.67
max nominal values	64	64	97
reserve for orbit correction	25	25	n/a

Maximum values per family in  $\mu$ rad.

LHC B1



LHC B1



LHC B1



W functions:  $W\delta = |\Delta\beta/\beta_0 + i(\Delta\alpha_0 - \alpha\Delta\beta_0/\beta_0)|$ 



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W functions:  $W\delta = |\Delta\beta/\beta_0 + i(\Delta\alpha_0 - \alpha\Delta\beta_0/\beta_0)|$ 



# LHC crossing angle induced dispersion



#### Tour

- ► Effort to keep beta function unnecessarily large, magnet strengths not too close to lower limit, minimum changes with respect to nominal.
- ▶ For IR2 and IR8 phase advances probably not yet optimal.
- ▶ For IR4 Beta at the IP preserved as much as possible, to be checked for the damper and other instruments.
- ▶ IR3 and IR7 identical just rematched for the new arcs.

IR7 B1



IR7 B1



IR8 B1



IR8 B1











IR2 B1



IR2 B1



IR3 B1



IR3 B1



IR4 B1



IR4 B1































IR6 B1



IR6 B1



# IR6 dump system features

name	dpxb1	dpxb2	dxb1	dxb2	bxb1	bxb2	byb1	byb2	dmuxb1	dmuxb2
					dump	dump	dump	dump	kick	kick
	murad	murad	m 1	m	m	m	m	m	2pi	2pi
inj	0	-256	0.14	0.186	5012	5052	3955	3698	0.2631	0.2633
1111	0	-256	0.14	0.186	5012	5052	3955	3698	0.2631	0.2633
3333	0	0	0	0	5455	5867	4241	3699	0.25	0.25
4444	0	0	0	0	5743	6134	3955	3698	0.25	0.25
8228	0	0	0	0	5581	5820	6115	3698	0.25	0.25
5115	0	0	0	0	5012	5052	4063	3699	0.25	0.25
2882	0	0	0	0	7456	6818	3955	3698	0.25	0.25
1551	0	0	0	0	7244	6758	3974	3828	0.25	0.25

bxb1 bxb2 byb1 byb2: beta function at the dump dxb1 dxb2 dpxb1 dpxb2: dispersion and angular dispersion at IP6 dmuxb1 dmuxb2: phase advance between TCSG.4[RL]6 and MKD.H5[LR]6

Without injection constraints optics can be optimized for the dump system. It is possible to attempt to improve inj and 1111.