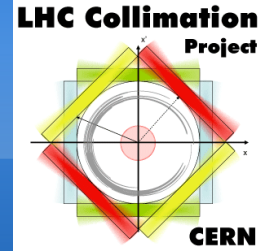


Update on ATS loss map simulations with SixTrack

*R. Bruce, R. de Maria, A. Marsili, S. Redaelli,
and the collimation team.*



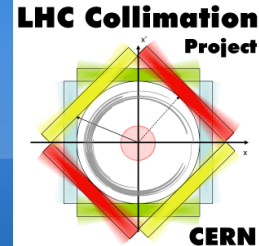
ATS updates



- Peaks in arc 78 and 81:
 - At maximum of dispersion and beta function
 - Needed more statistics to validate smallest peaks
 - \Rightarrow Simulations with 10x more particles (64 millions)
 - Once peaks are characterised, establish protection
- Beam 2:
 - New sequence
 - Updated aperture file
 - New protection limitations



Setting used (not definitive)



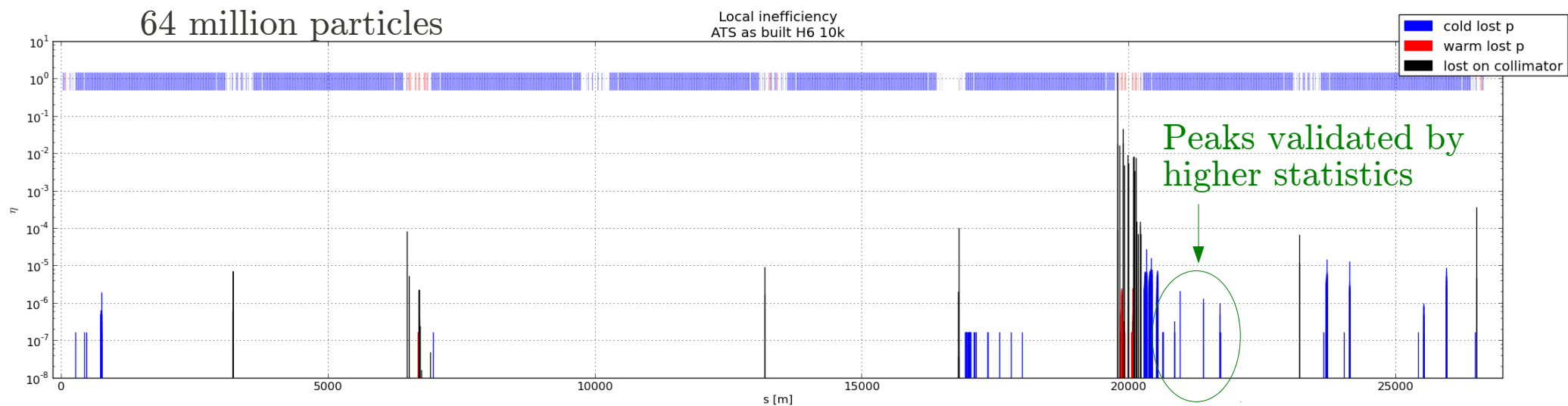
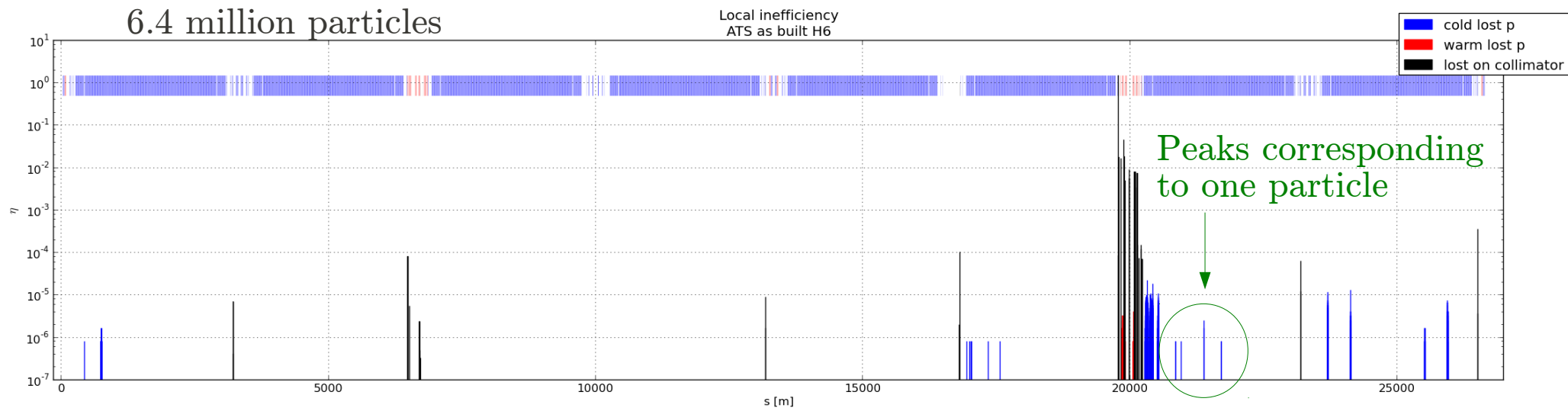
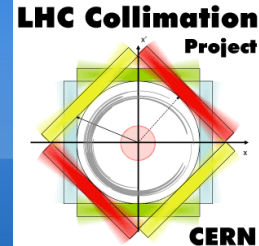
Coll. setting	σ
TCP IR7	6.
TCSG IR7	7.
TCLA IR7	10.
TCP IR3	12.
TCSG IR3	15.6
TCLA IR3	17.6

Coll. setting	σ
TCLP	12.
TCLI	open
TCSTCDQ IR6	7.5
TCDQ IR6	8.
TDI	open
TCT IR1/5/8	8.3
TCT IR2	12.

- The setting of the new TCLDs, under study, is still to be decided. It is 10σ here.
- The TCTs around points 2 and 8 will be open more (unsqueezed optics)

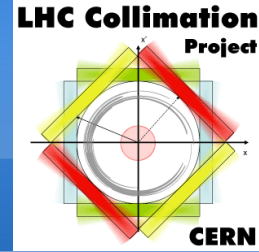


ATS loss maps with 10x more particles

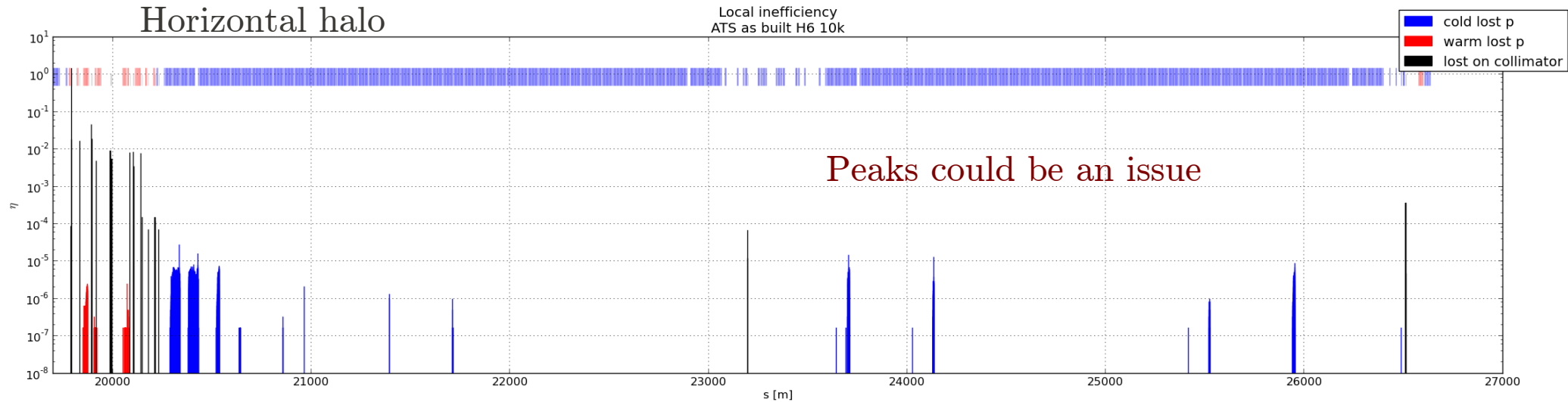




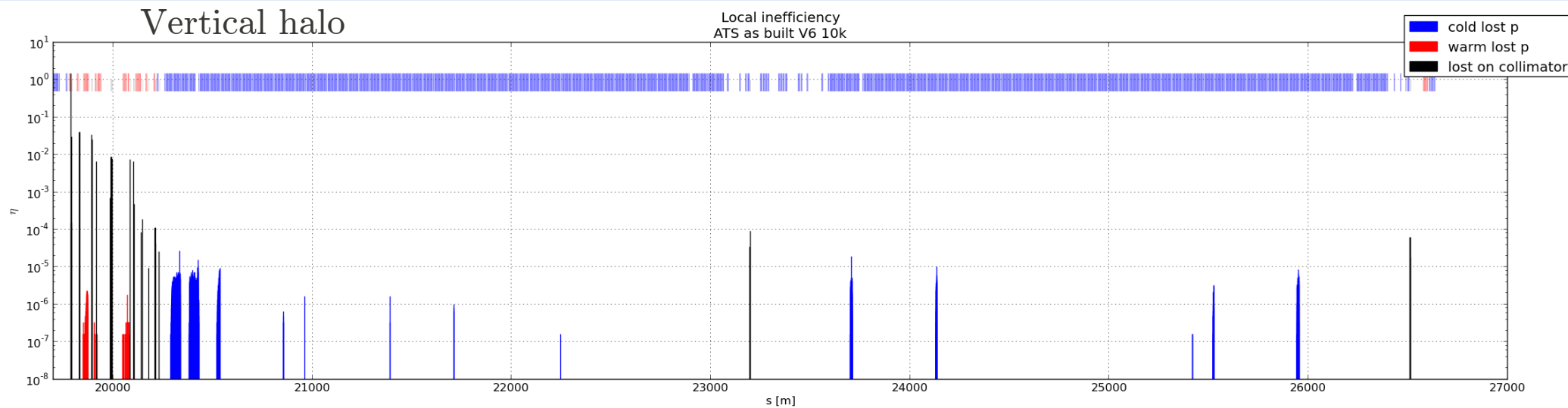
64 million particles

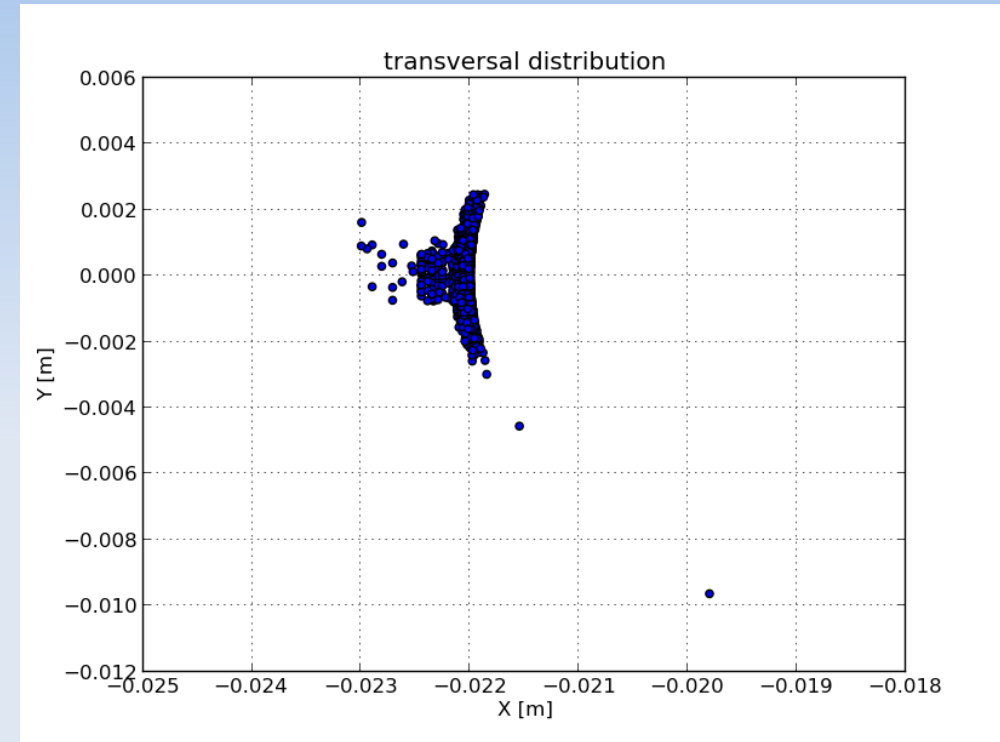
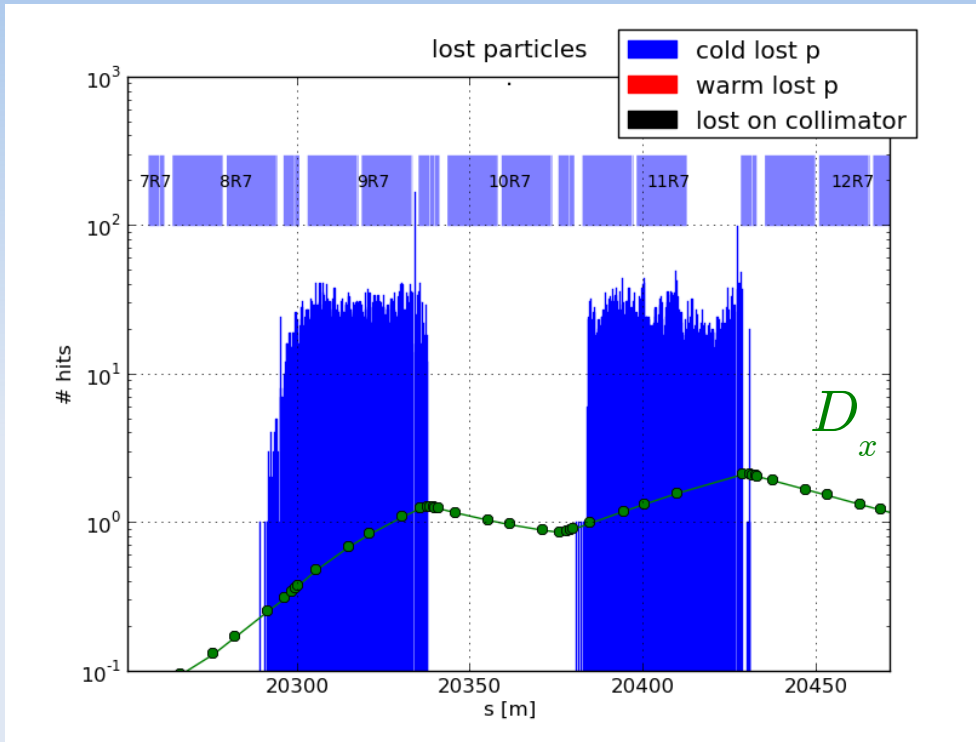


Horizontal halo



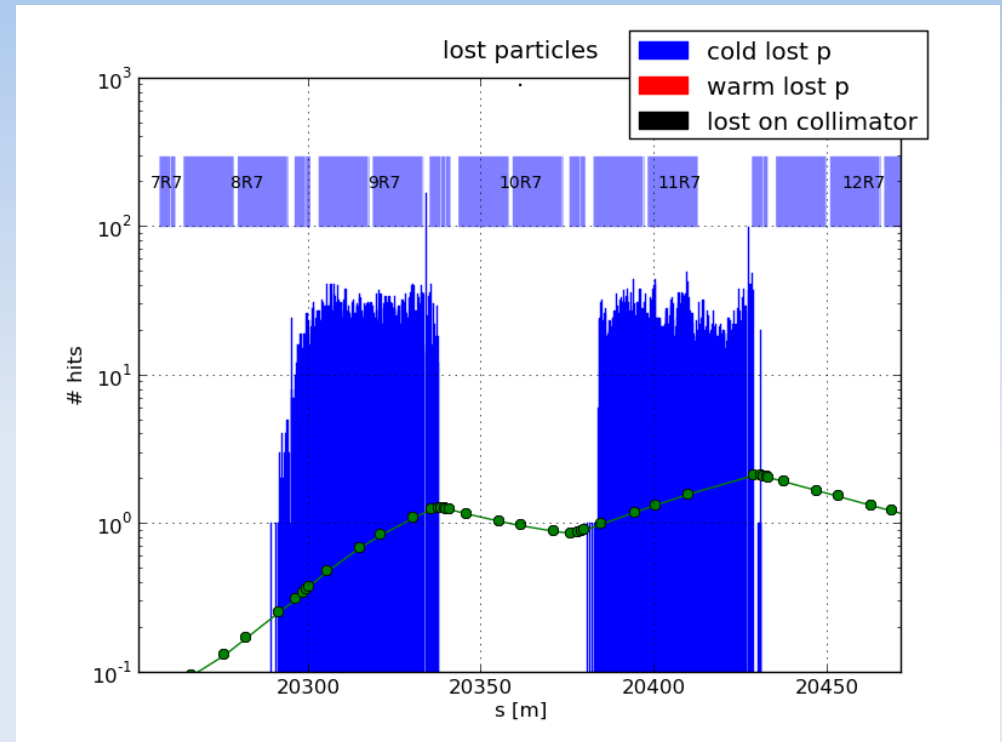
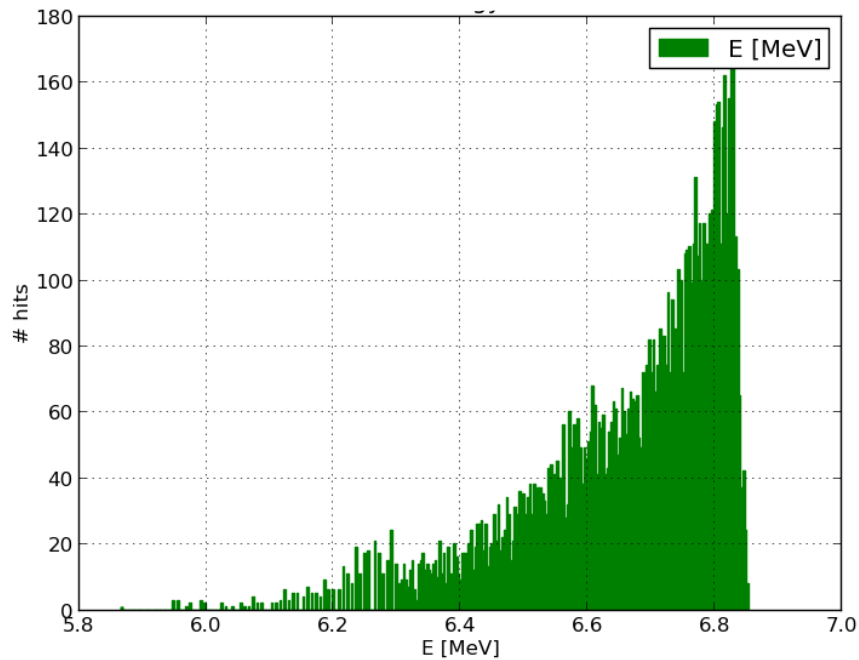
Vertical halo





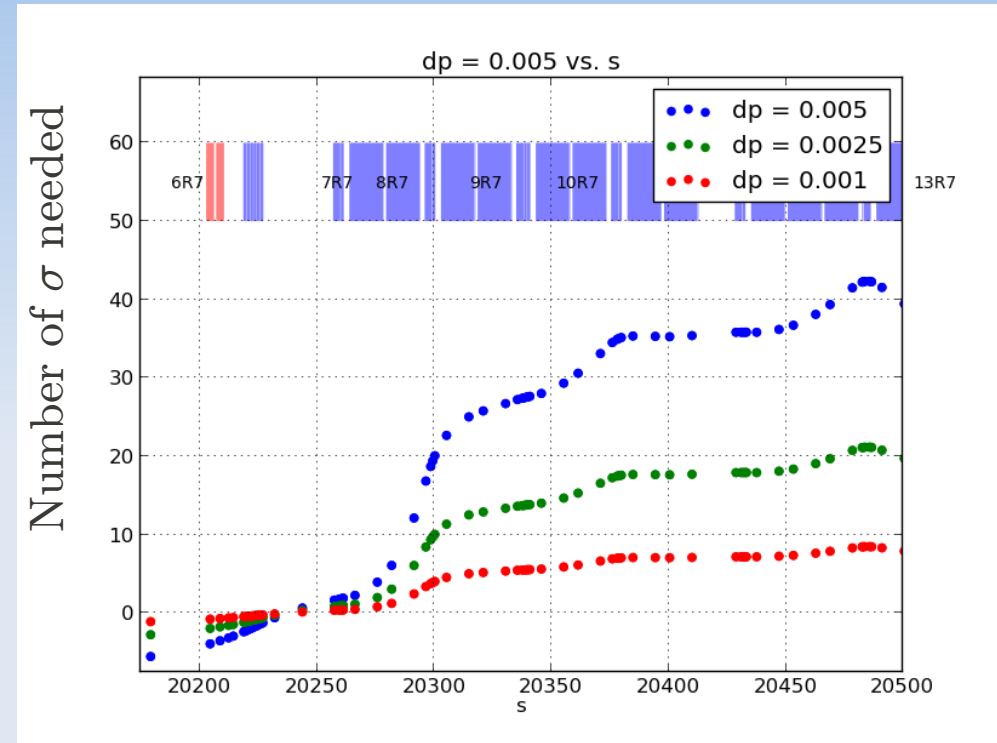
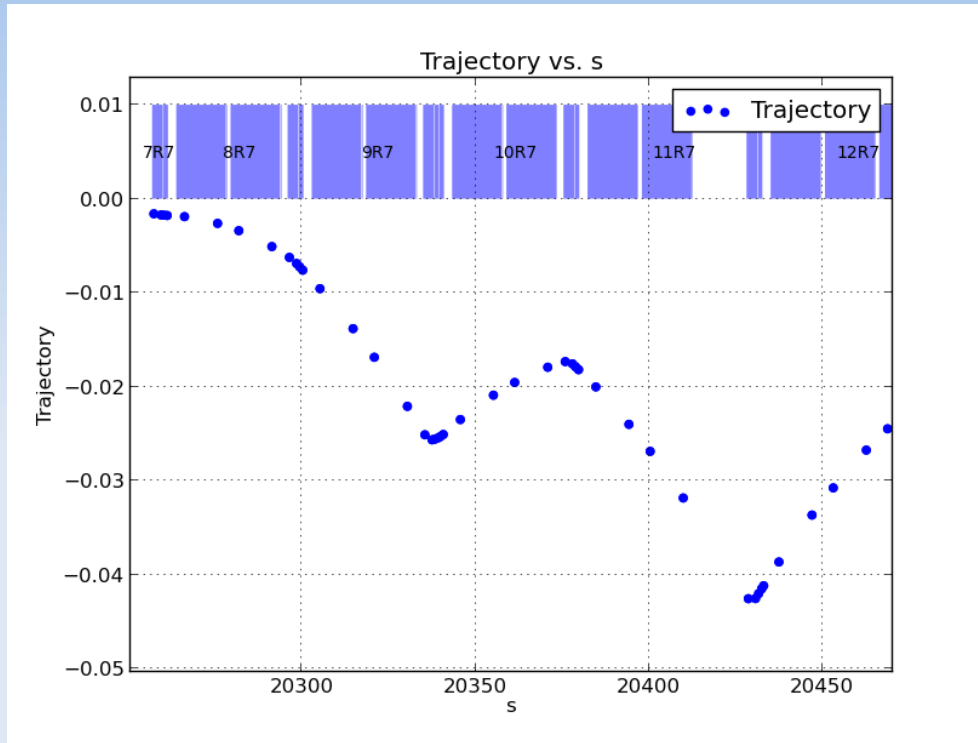
- For lost particles, y is centred around zero, x is negative (aperture)
- Dispersion is positive \Rightarrow momentum losses

Energy distribution of lost p.



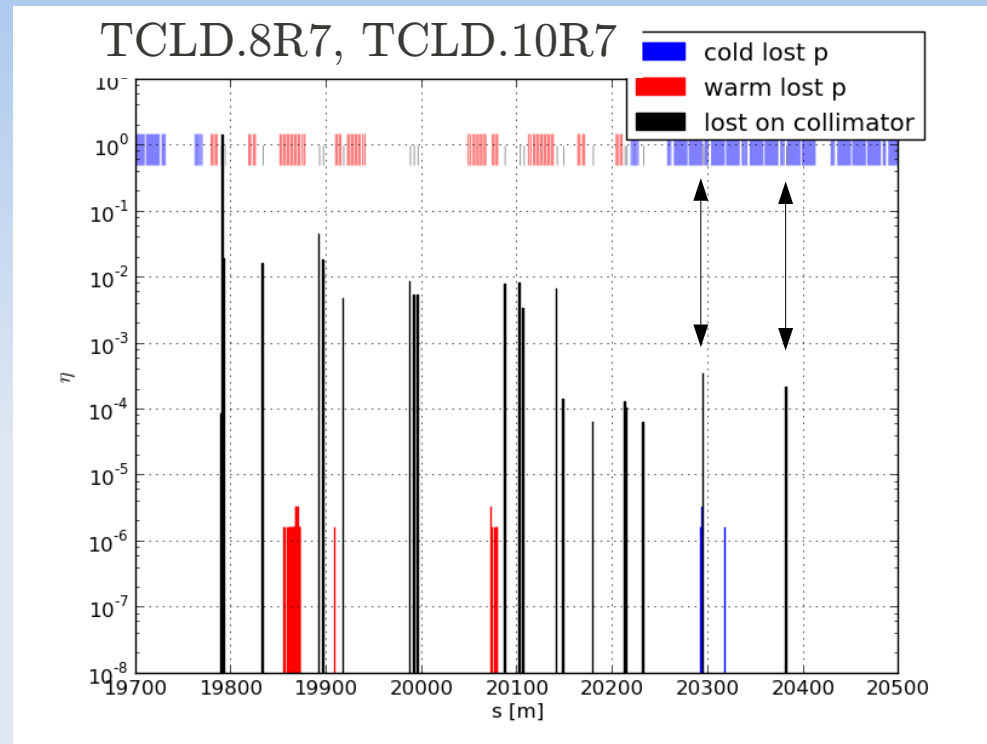
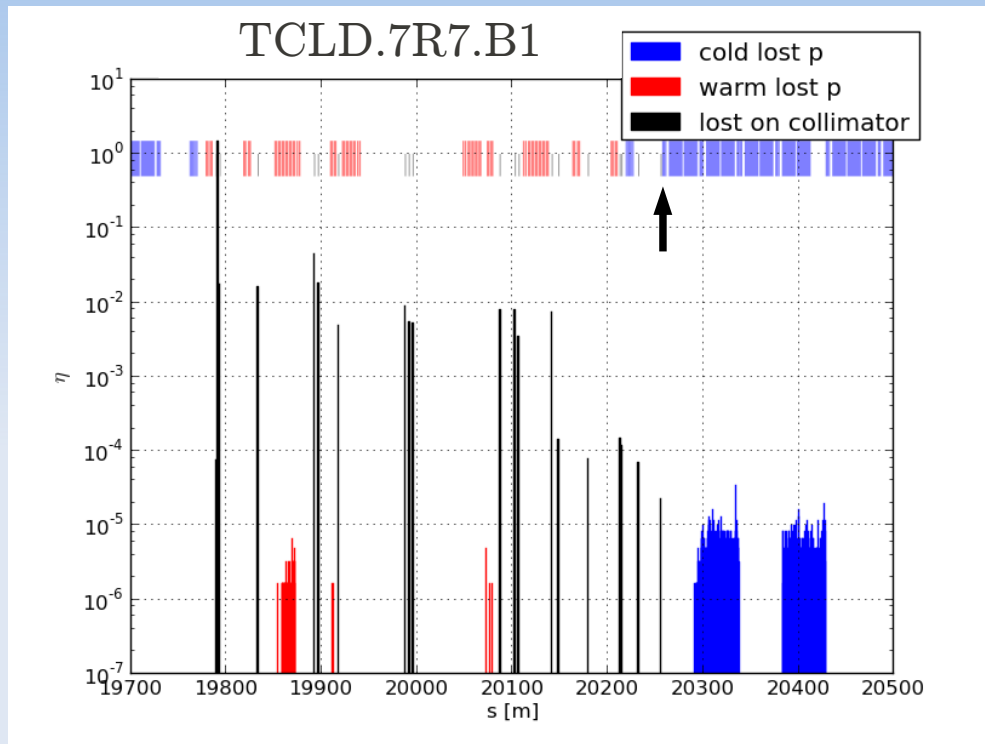
- Momentum acceptance: 6.86 TeV
- $dp/p = -0.02$
- Aperture: $A_x = -0.022$ m
- Dispersion: $D_x = 1.1$ m

How to catch a particle (simplified model)



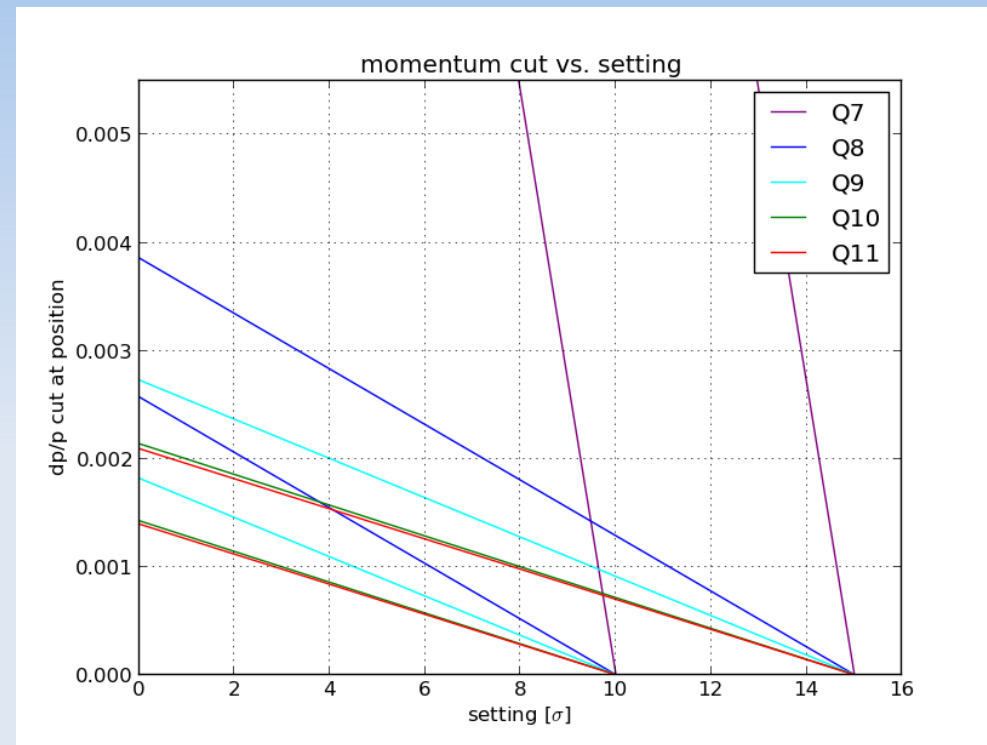
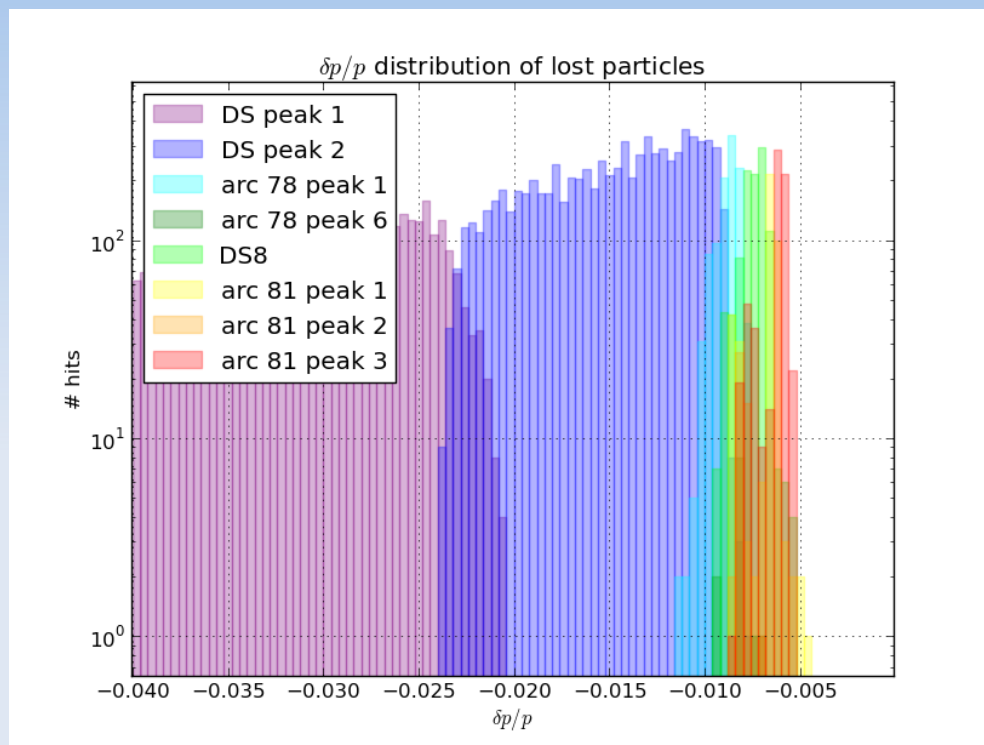
- Trajectory of particle with $dp/p = -0.02$ (and no beta oscillation)
- Meters
- Inverse of dispersion

- $x = n \cdot \sigma = n \cdot \sqrt{\beta \epsilon}$ and $x = D_x \cdot \frac{\delta p}{p}$
- Solve for n , number of sigma needed to catch a particle with given dp/p
- $$n = \frac{D_x}{\sqrt{\beta_x \epsilon}} \cdot \frac{\delta p}{p}$$



- TCL.7R7.B1 @ 10σ
- Not enough to stop these particles...
- $D_x = 0$ for $S = 20240$ m

- TCL.8R7.B1 @ 10σ
TCL.10R7.B1 @ 10σ
- They stop all particles and protect the arcs
- Same thing at 15σ

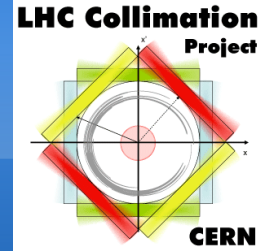


- dp/p distributions for particles lost in peaks
- First peak: lower dispersion, higher dp/p limit
- Overall dp/p limit: -0.005

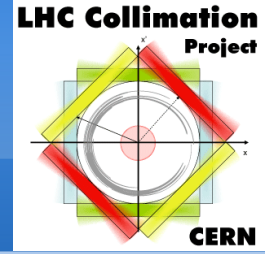
- Momentum cut vs. setting at quad. of the DS, for 10 and 15 σ
- Calculate value of sigma in mm at each position from beta function
- Calculate corresponding dp/p from dispersion



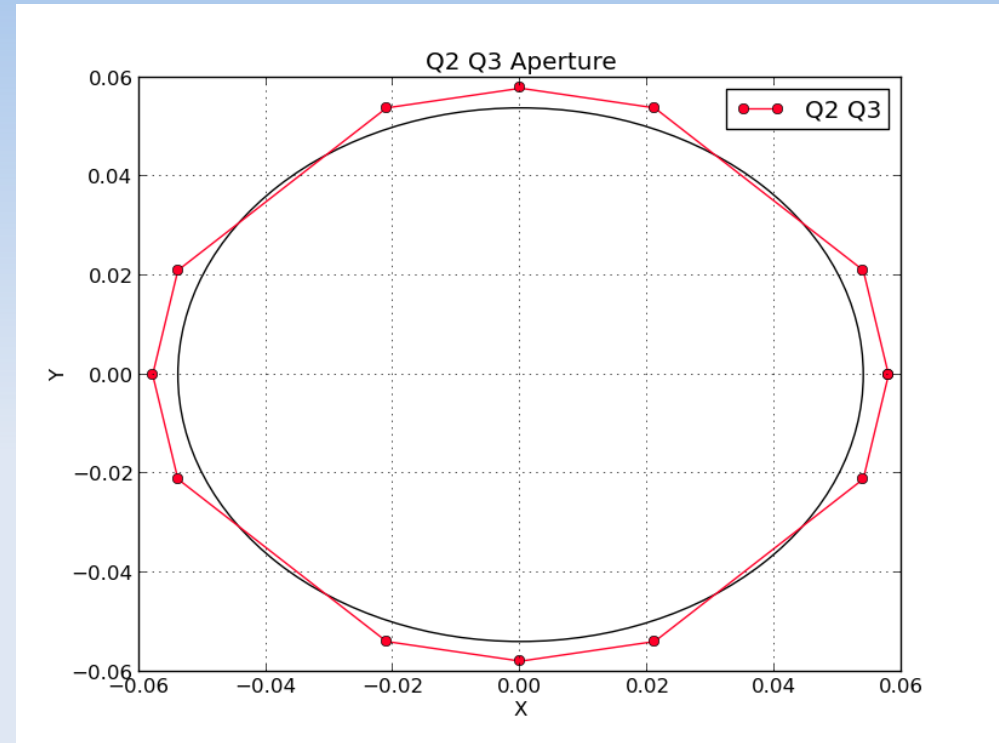
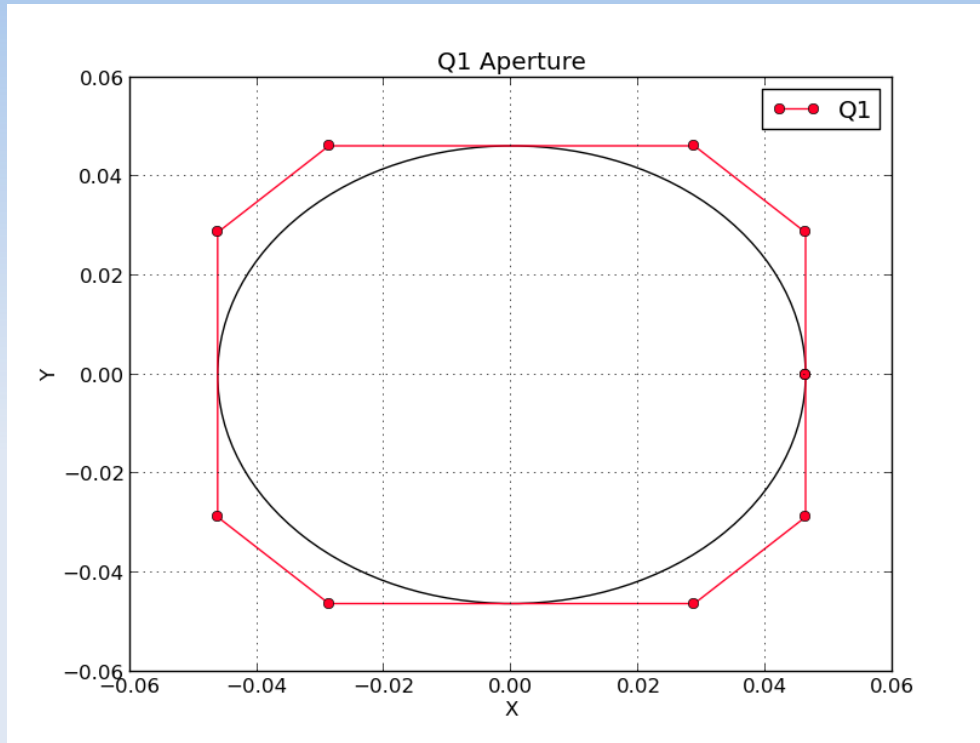
Conclusion on TCL DS



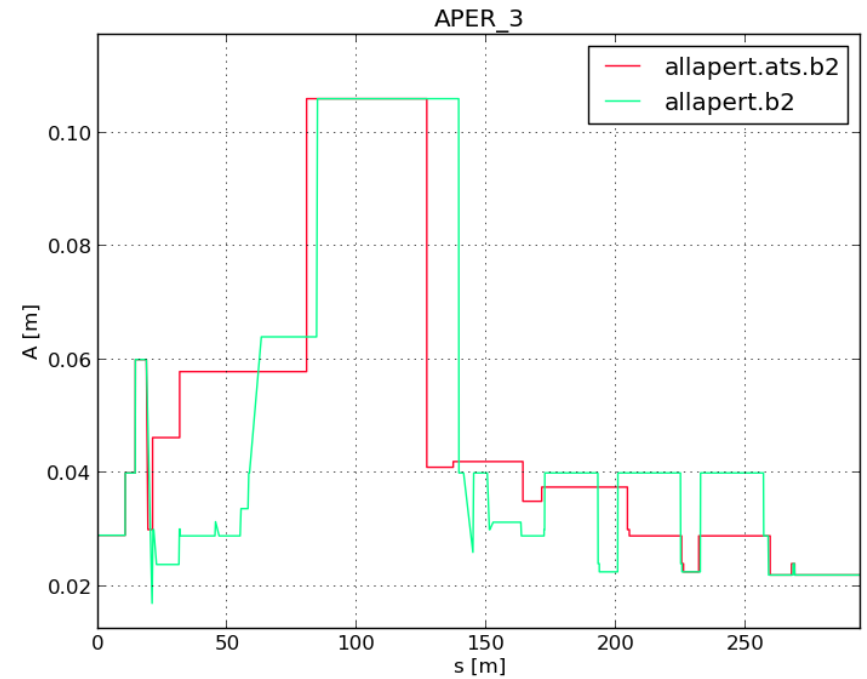
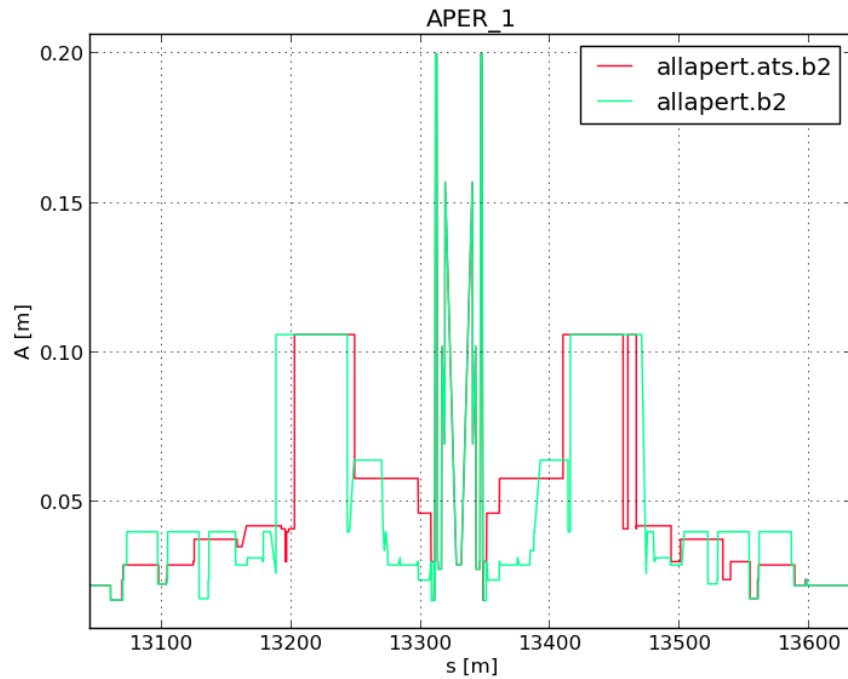
- From first simulations, DS collimators could protect against DS and arc losses (momentum losses)
- Dispersion has to be high enough (maximising $\frac{D_x}{\sqrt{\beta_x}}$) easily achievable
- One collimator at Q8 might be enough (TBC)
- Warning: approximations! Collimator added into thin lens lattice – settings not definitive.



Beam 2



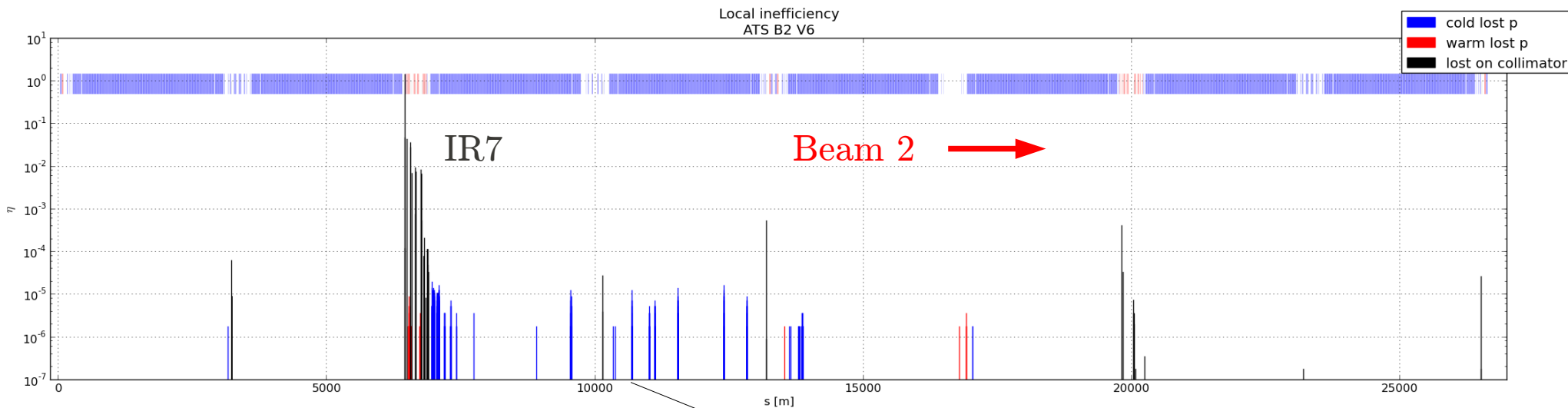
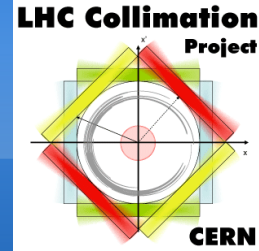
- Quick fix, waiting for proper aperture files
- Fitting circle in the real aperture (can be expressed as “rectellipse”)
- Conservative



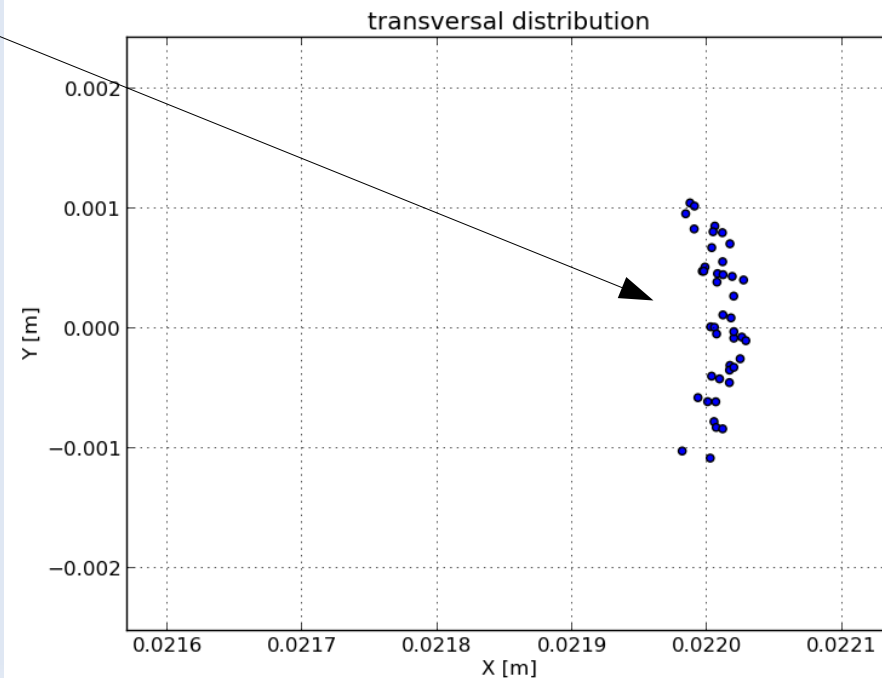
- Combining changes of positions and apertures, from aperture files and twiss files
- In some unclear drift cases, markers were set as wider choice; still conservative.
- Need official aperture file; need to update Crossing file



First preliminary results for Beam 2

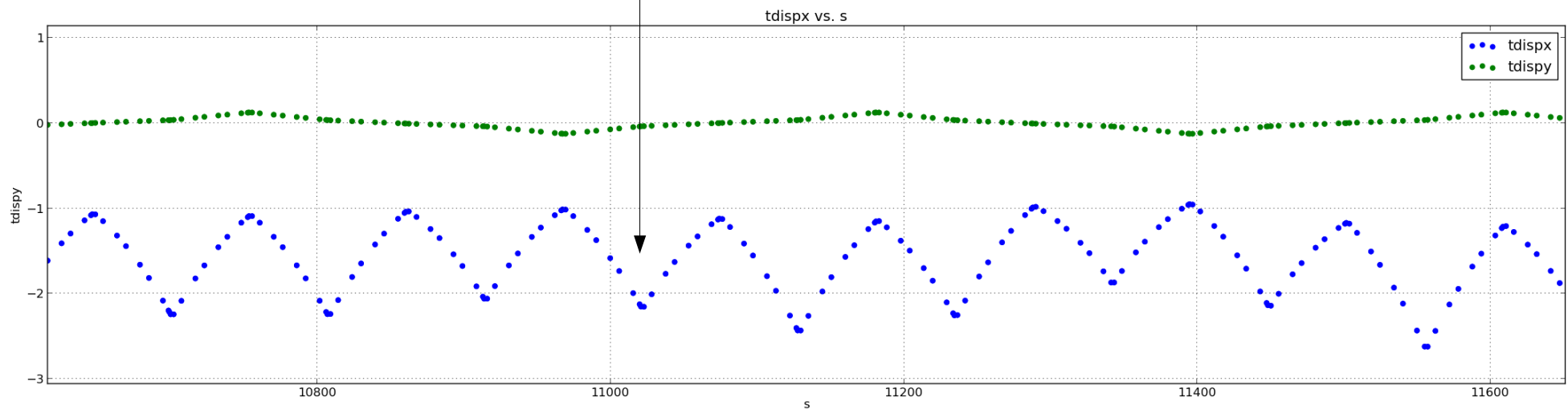
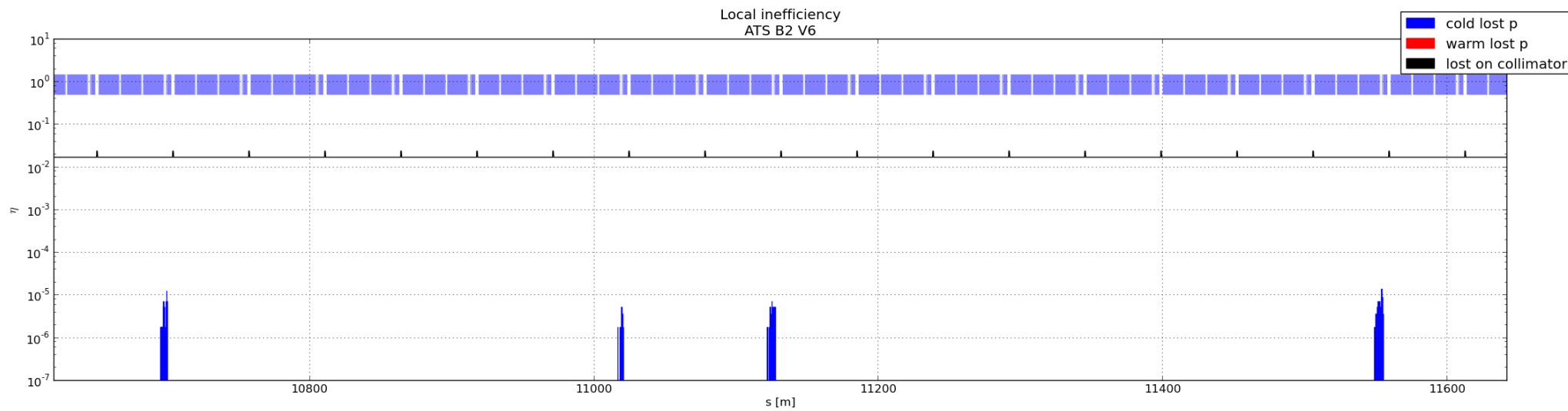
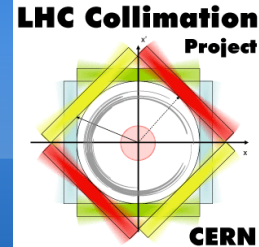


- “Beam 4’’: inverted
- Many losses in the arc downstream IR7
- Again, momentum losses at $x = +0.022$ m (dispersion is negative)



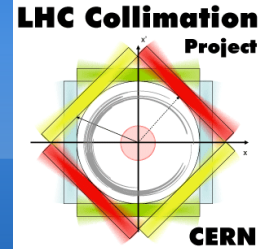


Arcs 67, 56: dispersion maximums





Conclusion



- Work in progress (lattice, setting)
- Confirmed results presented in Frascati
- “Momentum” losses seem to be a real issue
- First solution: losses can be limited by DS TCLD
- Would solve other problems around the ring (arcs 78 and 81)
- Approx results for b2, waiting for better lattice
- Qualitatively similar, could be solved by cold collimator as well